

ADA Audio Conference Series August 26, 2014

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Customize Your View continued



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 - 2. By Email webinars@ada-audio.org; or
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Helping People with Hearing Loss
Hear in Public Places
Through the use of
Hearing Loop Technology



ADA Webinar

August 26, 2014
Juliette Sterkens & Don Bataille



Presenter



Don Bataille, AIA CCS



Enjoy the sounds of life.

Bachelor of Architecture - University of Kentucky
Past President - Hearing Loss Association of America, Rochester NY Chapter
Hearing Aid user since 1994 for sudden & progressive hearing loss
Promotes better workplace acoustics through his "Hear to Work" series of
workshops at 2007, 2008, and 2009 HLAA National Conventions
Recipient Hearing Loss Association of America **Presidents Award**



Presenter

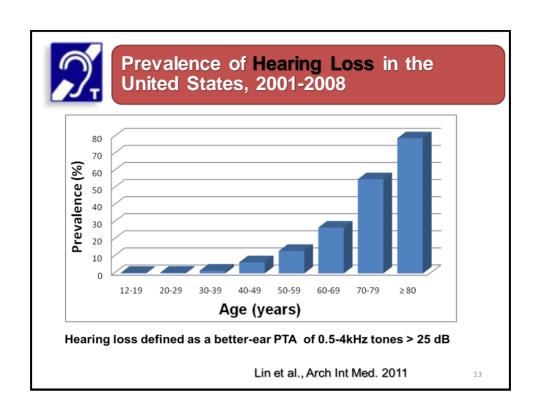
Juliette Sterkens, AuD

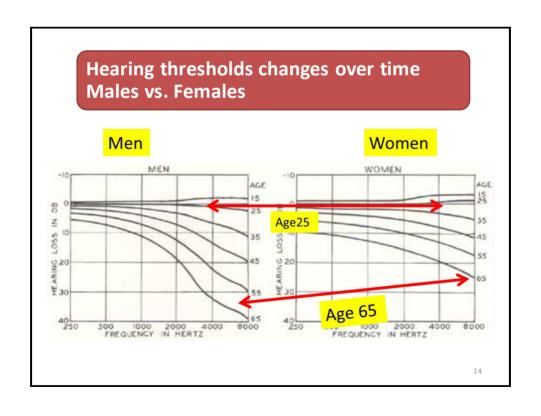




Doctor of Audiology - Arizona School of Health Sciences
HLAA Hearing Loop Advocate
Recently retired from private practice in Oshkosh WI after 30+ years
Recipient of multiple professional awards for advocacy efforts
on a state, national and international level
Fostered nearly 400 hearing loop installations in Wisconsin
Grew up with father who suffered significant HL while in military service









What Hearing Loss might look like Visually





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The number of people with Hearing Loss is expected to increase

Changing US demographics - Baby Boomers

- Nearly 70 Million will turn 65 to 85 by 2030
- High incidence of Noise Induced Hearing Loss
- "Aging in Place" Movement



Benefits of Hearing Instruments

Increase audibility of all sounds

(But hearing devices don't "know" which sounds are the most important for the user)

Improve communication in 1:1 situations and small groups

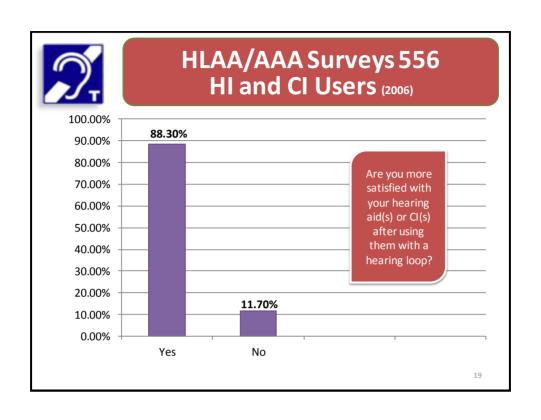
Improve hearing in quiet environments

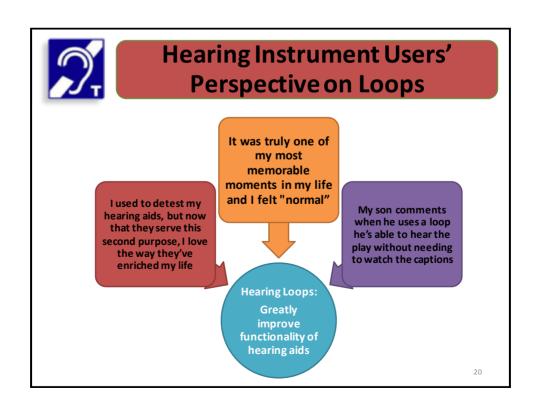
(but less so for those with more severe hearing loss)

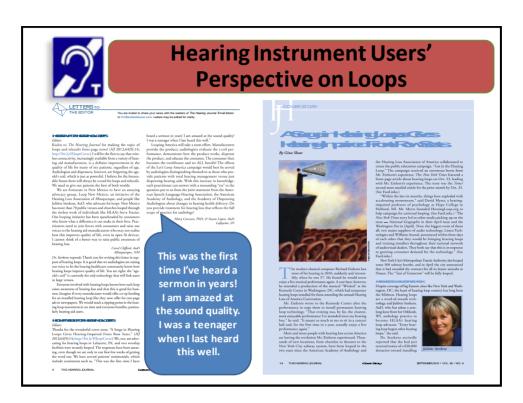
Improve quality of life

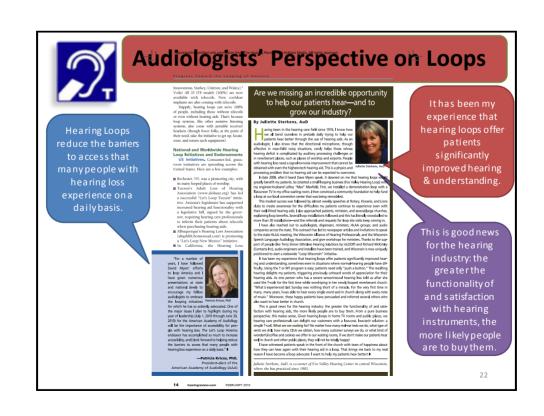
1999 Study by Nat'l Council on Aging: Untreated Hearing Loss Linked to Depression, Social Isolation in Seniors

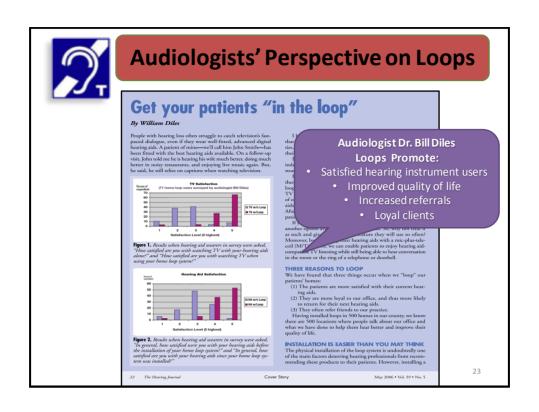


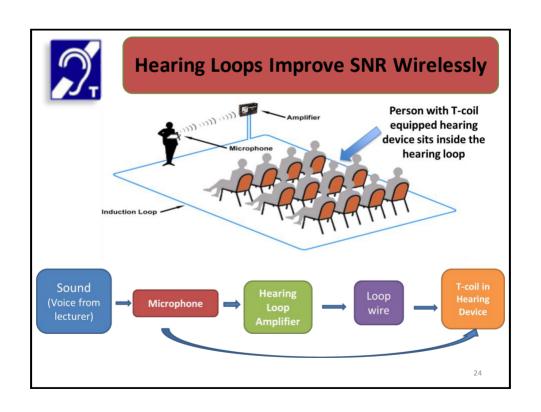


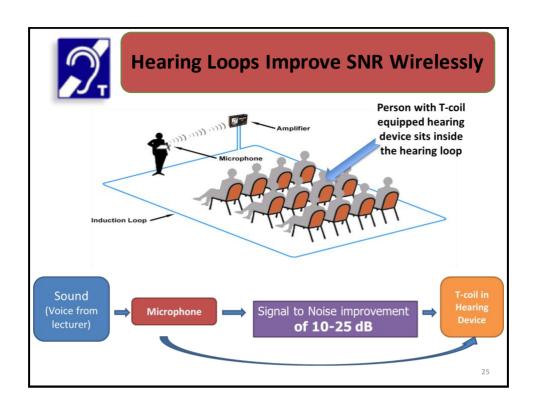


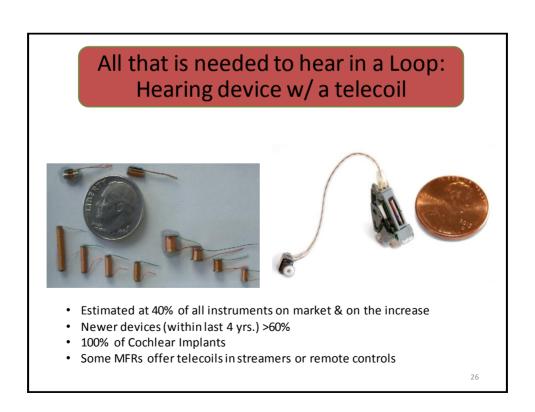


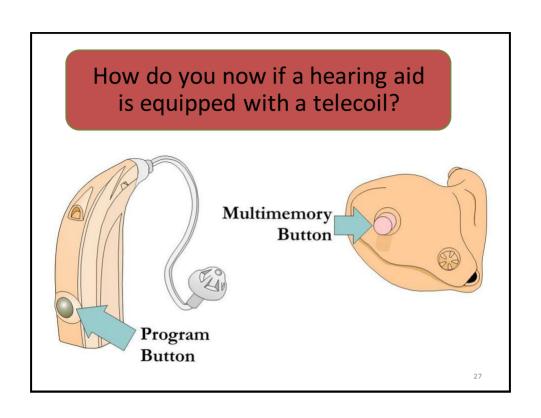


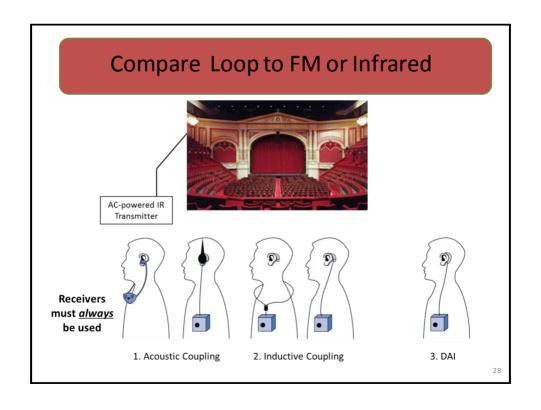


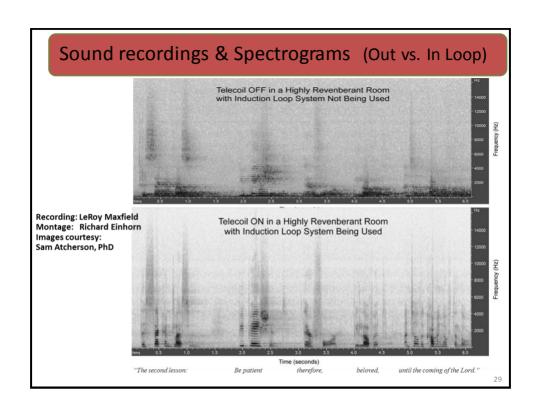


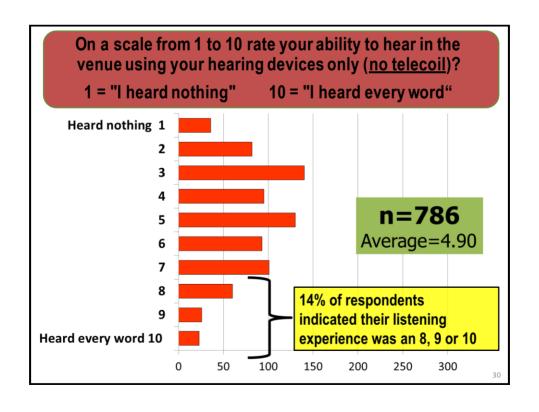


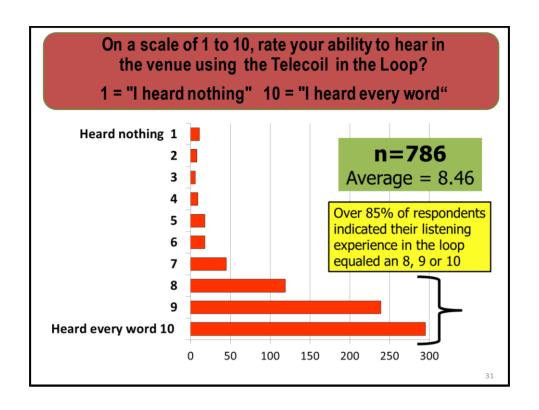


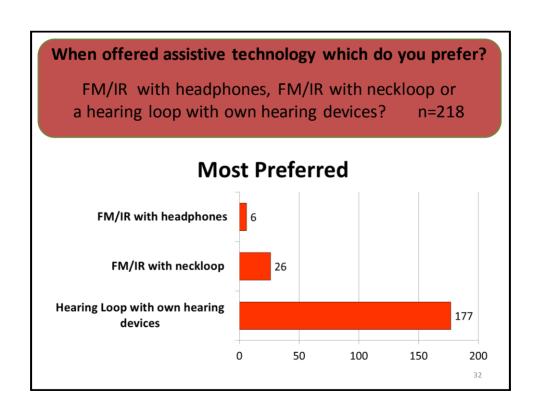


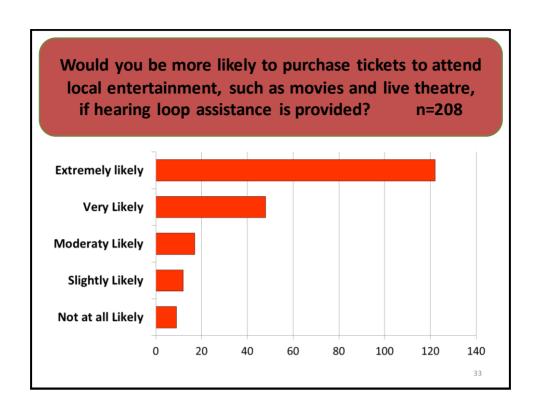










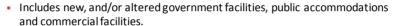


	In large venues such as auditoriums, meeting rooms, movie theaters etc. rate the following hearing assist technology					
	Most Preferred	Somewhat Preferred	Do Not Prefer	Never Used	Total	
FM/IR with Headset	3%	10%	48%	39%	218	
FM/IR with Neckloop	12%	30%	25%	33%	218	
Hearing Loop with Own hearing devices	81%	7%	6%		218	
					34	



2010 ADA STANDARDS For ACCESSIBLE DESIGN

- American Disabilities Act of 1990 ADA
 - 1991 Standard, enacted July 26, 1990, effective January 26, 1992.
- 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design
 - "2010 Standards" or "Standards"
 - ADAAA ADA Amendments Act
 - Enacted September 15, 2010 Effective March 15 2012.
 - Combines Title II and III into one Standard.





• Section 219.2 & 706 - Communication Elements and Features – (ALS)

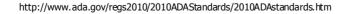
http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010ADAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

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2010 ADA STANDARDS

- Sections 219 and 706 Communication Elements and Features (ALS)
- Scoping requirements:
 - What?
 - Where?
 - How Many?
- Minimum requirements!
- There are exceptions!!!





- DOJ Department of Justice
 - CFR Code of Federal Regulations
- ABA Architectural Barriers Act, 1968, Federally funded
- ADA American Disability Act, 1990 and 2010 ADA
- ADAAG 2004 ADA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities
- ADA Access Board Independent Federal Agency, enforces ABA.
 - Devoted to accessibility has expanded to be a leading source on accessible design criteria, technical assistance, telecommunications, electronic and information technology
- IBC ANSI

http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010ADAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

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2010 ADA STANDARDS

- What:
- SECTION 706 Assistive Listening System (ALS)
 - "Assistive Listening Device. A permanent system that reinforces sound transmission within an area from a source to a receiver/transducer to be used by the hearing impaired within that area." (acoustical space)



http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm



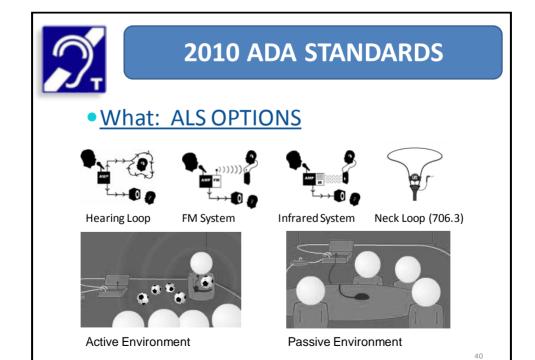
• What:

- Appendix ALS Performance Standard
 - Hearing Loop System
 - Infrared System
 - FM System



LOUDER IS NOT BETTER!

http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010ADAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm





• What:

- Hearing Loop / Induction Loop --- T-Coil
 - · Least discriminatory
 - Privacy by design Serves every one equally
 - User enabled User friendly technology.
 - May experience 60 Hz interference degradation but is usually correctable.
- Infra-red
 - User wears battery operated receiver with <u>loop transmitter to T-Coil.</u>
 - Line of sight, very good privacy, sunlight degradation.
 - Equipment, system, and batteries to maintain Users limited to number of devices
- FM
 - User wears battery operated receiver with loop transmitter to T-Coil.
 - Equipment, system, and batteries to maintain Users limited to number of devices
 - · Large systems expensive.
- Captioning
 - Requires media format, typically internet connection, everyone benefits.
 - · Open or Closed captioning.

http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

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2010 ADA STANDARDS

• Where:

- Section 706 Special Occupancies
 - Section 219 Assistive Listening Systems.
 - "...where audible communications is integral to use of the space"...space shall have ALS,...comply with Appendix L. ALS Performance Standards"



http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards



• How Many:



http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010ADAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

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2010 ADA STANDARDS

• Exceptions:

- ALS is not required if audio amplification is not provided, except for courtrooms.
- Number of HA Compatible Receivers: Where all seats in an assembly area are served by an induction 'hearing' loop, the minimum HA compatible receivers does not apply.
- ADA Safe Harbor
 - Does not preclude a consumer from requesting the facility provide effective communication
- Except places of worship and private clubs: unless...
- Building with more than one assembly area: Calculation may be based on total seats, provided all receivers are usable with all systems, and under one management.

http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm



Sound Level Comparisons

Library Whisper

City Traffic

Lawn Mower

Loud Rock Concert 120dB Threshold of pain 130dB Jet Engine @ 30ft 140dB



http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010ADAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

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2010 ADA STANDARDS

• IBC-ANSI:

- 706.3 Receiver Hearing Aid Compatibility
 - Receivers required to be hearing-aid compatible shall interface with telecoils in hearing aids through the provision of neck loops.
- 706.4 Sound Pressure Level.
 - Assistive listening systems shall be capable of providing a sound pressure level of 110 dB minimum and 118 dB maximum with a dynamic range on the volume control of 50 dB.
- 706.5 Signal-to-Noise Ratio (SNR).
 - The signal-to-noise ratio for internally generated noise in assistive listening systems shall be 18 dB minimum.
- 706.6 Peak Clipping Level.
 - Peak clipping shall not exceed 18 dB of clipping relative to the peaks of speech.

http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm



- IBC-ANSI:
- Signs
 - Identification of communications
 - 216.10 Assistive Listening Systems
 - · Information of availability.
 - · At each assembly area.
 - · Conventional form,
 - · Script, Decorative, Italic Forms are prohibitive.



http://www.ada.gov/regs2010/2010A DAStandards/2010ADAstandards.htm

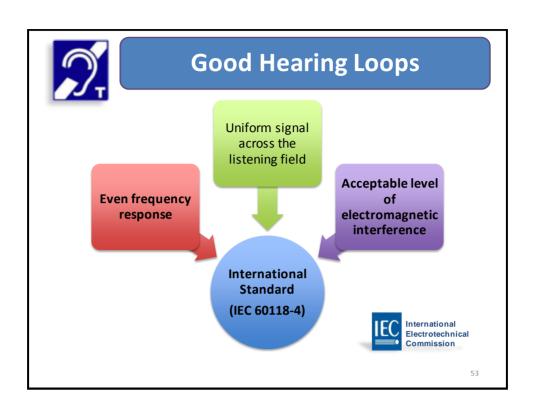


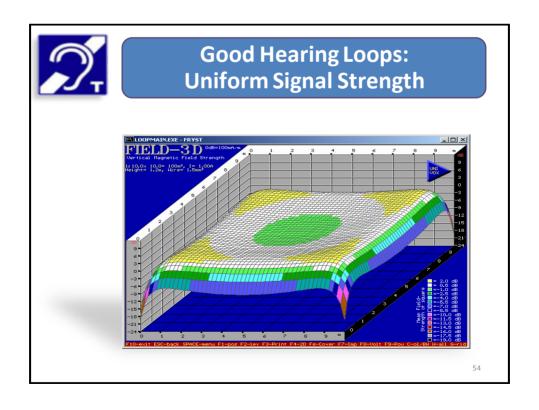


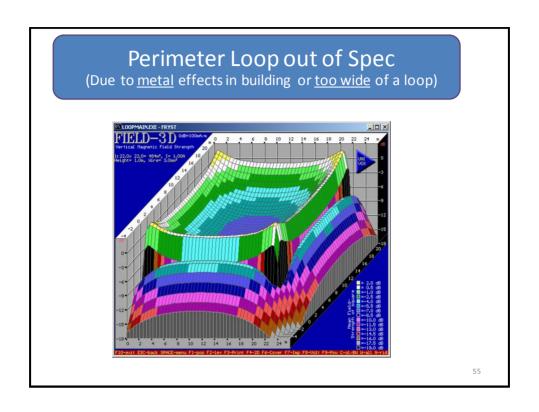


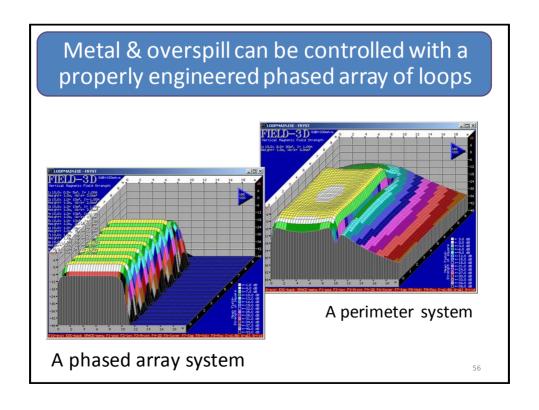


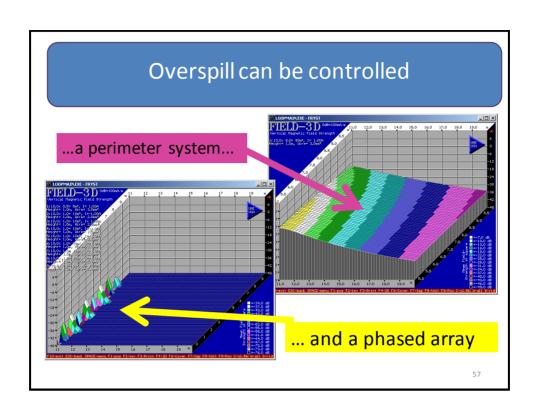




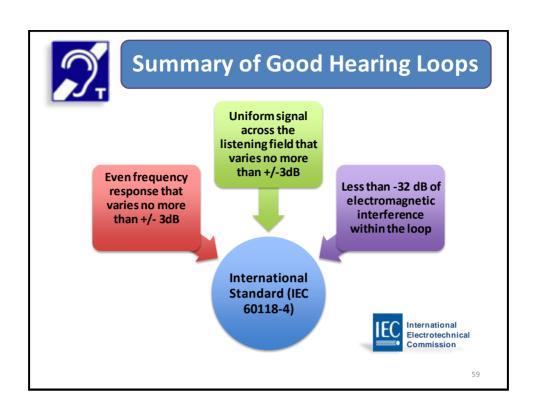


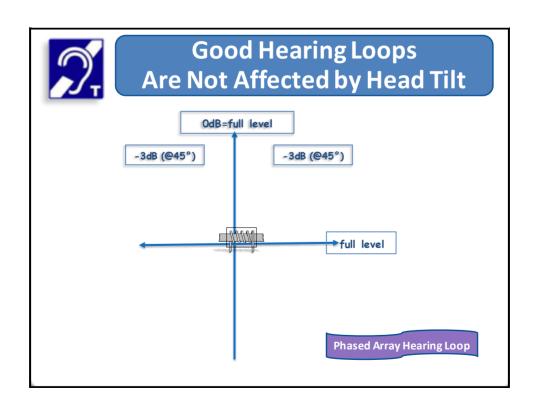






Good Hearing Loops: Possible Sources of EMI						
Status	Potential issue	Source removed				
New FCC rules	If very old lighting	YES				
No new production	Only if still using an old tube monitor	YES				
Dramatic improvements	Could still be wired improperly	YES				
Ground loops	Yes but can and should be detected and repaired	It can be				
IEEE 519 is in place	Can be and one should try to work it through with the power company	Not a common issue				
	Status New FCC rules No new production Dramatic improvements Ground loops	New FCC rules If very old lighting No new production Only if still using an old tube monitor Dramatic Could still be wired improvements Ground loops Yes but can and should be detected and repaired IEEE 519 is in place Can be and one should try to work it through with the				







If head tilt is an issue: A Phased Array Loop is a Must





Outdoor Theatre at the Getty Villa, California

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Benefits of hearing loops at the moment

- **Simple:** For people of all ages to operate (No need to pair and charge special equipment)
- Dignified and easy to access: No need to locate, check out, and wear special equipment
- Affordable: Loops don't add to the cost of alreadyexpensive devices
- Available: Telecoils are offered in nearly all but smallest of instruments and now also in remotes

Benefits of hearing loops at the moment

- *Flexible:* The hearing instrument mic can be simultaneously off or on (as with the T and the M+T settings programmed for the user
- Energy efficient: Telecoils do not decrease battery life
- **Scalable:** Loops can be applied in public spaces both small and vast including transient situations (counters)
- *Universal*: The same signal serves everyone, no matter their location or hearing instrument manufacturer.
- Double the usefulness of hearing aids
- Exceed hearing instrument user expectations

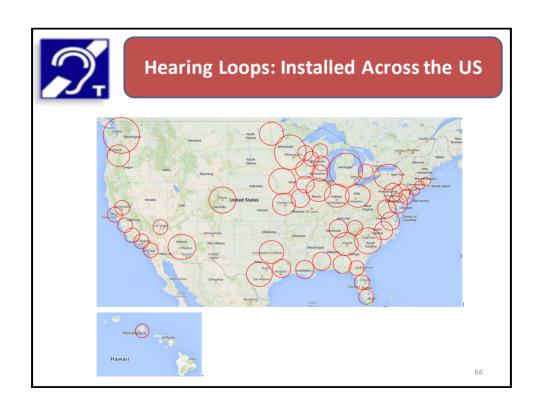
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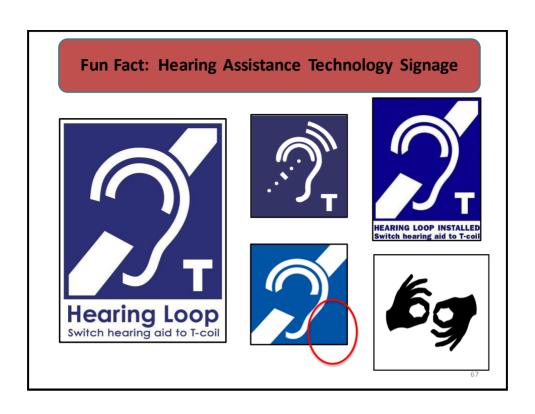
Why not Bluetooth?

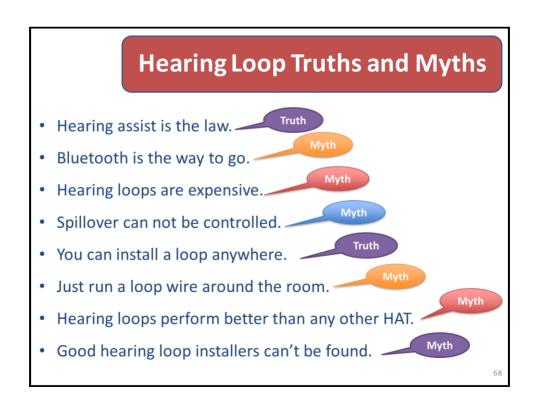
- HA MFRs have yet to develop a universal standard
- Experts predict this will take 10+ years (if ever)
- Major issues as the moment:
 - a) Time delays
 - b) Quality of Sound reduced frequency response
 - c) Power consumption
 - d) Takes up valuable space inside hearing aids

Interesting development?

- 1. Smart phones or earphones equipped with Telecoils
- 2. Apps that correct for the person's hearing loss
- 1 and 2 combined would make the perfect loop listener for persons with (beginning) hearing loss and will decrease need for # of ALS devices
- 3. A recent study at NIU showed that normal hearing students would use a loop if it were available







Vetting Hearing Loop installers

- Is the installer trained in IEC 60118-4 standard?
- Does the installer offer a website which lists installations (aka references)?
- · Site visits are not optional
- Who will integrate the PA system with the loop if two different vendors are used?
- Signage offered? Who trains the staff?
- Will a certificate of IEC conformity be issued?
- Commissioning of the loop (recommended)

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Resources

Loop Advocacy sites: www.hearingloop.org & www.LoopWisconsin.com

Hearing loop vendors by state: www.hearingloop.org/vendors.htm

Hearing Loop installations nationwide: www.aldlocator.com

Unique loop installation technique photos: www.drssound.com

Find trained installers in your area contact:

www.contactaglobal.com & www.listentech.com

For a Generic US Hearing Loop Specification (aka Audio Frequency Induction Loop or AFILS)

www.loopwisconsin.com/PDFFiles/US Hearing Loop Specification.pdf

Special thanks to

Karen MacLennan, AuD & Cynthia Compton-Conley, PhD Richard McKinley, Cory Schaefer and Conny Anderson and others

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Questions?

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"Accessible Construction Management"

September 16, 2014

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